

## Nobel Peace Prize Winners - The Complete List (1901 – 2019)

1901: Henry Dunant (Swiss), Frédéric Passy (France)	1964: Martin Luther King, Jr. (USA)
1902: Élie Ducommun and Charles Gobat (Swiss)	1965: United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)
1903: Sir William Cremer (UK)	1966-1967: No award.
1904: Institut de Droit International (Belgium)	1968: René Cassin (France)
1905: Bertha von Suttner (Austria)	1969: International Labor Organization (ILO)
1906: Theodore Roosevelt (USA)	1970: Norman Borlaug (USA)
1907: Ernesto Moneta (Italy), Louis Renault (France)	1971: Willy Brandt (West Germany)
1908: Klas Arnoldson (Sweden) and Fredrik Bajer (Denmark)	1972: No award.
1909: Auguste Beernaert (Belgium) and Paul d'Estournelles (France)	1973: Henry Kissinger (US), Le Duc Tho (N Vietnam)
1910: International Peace Bureau (Bern)	1974: Seán MacBride (Ireland), Eisaku Sato (Japan)
1911: Tobias Asser (Holland) & Alfred Fried (Austria)	1975: Andrei Sakharov (Soviet Union)
1912: Elihu Root (USA)	1976: Betty Williams & Mairead Corrigan (N Ireland)
1913: Henri La Fontaine (Belgium)	1977: Amnesty International (London)
1914-1916: No award.	1978: Anwar Sadat (Egypt), Menachem Begin (Israel)
1917: International Red Cross (Geneva)	1979: Mother Teresa (India)
1918: No award.	1980: Adolfo Pérez Esquivel (Argentina)
1919: Woodrow Wilson (USA)	1981: UN High Commissioner for Refugees
1920: Léon Bourgeois (France)	1982: Alva Myrdal (Sweden) Alfonso Robles (Mexico)
1921: Karl Branting (Sweden) and Christian Lange (Norway)	1983: Lech Walesa (Poland)
1922: Fridtjof Nansen (Norway)	1984: Desmond Tutu (South Africa)
1923-1924: No award.	1985: International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War (Boston)
1925: Austen Chamberlain (UK) and Charles Dawes (USA)	1986: Elie Wiesel (USA)
1926: Aristide Briand (France) and Gustav Stresemann (Germany)	1987: Oscar Arias Sánchez (Costa Rica)
1927: Ferdinand Buisson (France) and Ludwig Quidde (Germany)	1988: United Nations Peace-keeping Forces
1928: No award.	1989: The Dalai Lama (Tenzin Gyatso) (Tibet)
1929: Frank Kellogg (USA)	1990: Mikhail Gorbachev (Soviet Union)
1930: Lars Olof Söderblom (Sweden)	1991: Aung San Suu Kyi (Burma)
1931: Jane Addams and Nicholas Butler (USA)	1992: Rigoberta Menchú (Guatemala)
1932: No award.	1993: Nelson Mandela & Frederik de Klerk (S Africa)
1933: Sir Norman Angell (UK)	1994: Yasser Arafat (Palestine), Shimon Peres (Israel) and Yitzhak Rabin (Israel)
1934: Arthur Henderson (UK)	1995: Joseph Rotblat (UK) and the Pugwash Conferences on Science & World Affairs
1935: Carl von Ossietzky (Germany)	1996: Carlos Belo & José Ramos-Horta (E. Timor)
1936: Carlos S. Lamas (Argentina)	1997: Jody Williams (USA) and the International Campaign to Ban Landmines (ICBL)
1937: Lord Cecil of Chelwood (UK)	1998: John Hume and David Trimble (N. Ireland)
1938: Nansen International Office for Refugees	1999: Médecins Sans Frontières
1939-1943: No award.	2000: Kim Dae Jung (Republic of Korea)
1944: International Red Cross (Geneva)	2001: Kofi Annan and the United Nations (UN)
1945: Cordell Hull (USA)	2002: Jimmy Carter (USA)
1946: Emily Balch and John Mott (USA)	2003: Shirin Ebadi (Iran)
1947: British-American Friends Service Committee	2004: Wangari Maathai (Kenya)
1948: No award.	2005: Mohamed El-Baradei (Egypt) and the IAEA
1949: John Boyd Orr (Scotland)	2006: Muhammad Yunus (Bangladesh)
1950: Ralph Bunche (USA)	2007: Al Gore (USA)
1951: Léon Jouhaux (France)	2008: Martti Ahtisaari (Finland)
1952: Albert Schweitzer (Germany / France)	2009: Barack Obama (USA)
1953: George C. Marshall (USA)	2010: Liu Xiaobo (China)
1954: UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)	2011: Ellen Sirleaf (Liberia), Leyman Gbowee (Liberia) and Tawakkol Karman (Yemen)
1955-1956: No award.	2012: The European Union (EU)
1957: Lester B. Pearson (Canada)	2013: Organization Prohibiting Chemical Weapons
1958: Georges Pire (Belgium)	2014: Malala Yousafzai (Pakistan), K. Satyarthi (India)
1959: Philip John Noel-Baker (UK)	2015: National Dialogue Quartet (Tunisia)
1960: Albert John Luthuli (South Africa)	2016: Juan Manuel Santos (Colombia)
1961: Dag Hammarskjöld (Sweden)	2017: The International Campaign to Abolish Nuclear Weapons (ICAN)
1962: Linus Pauling (USA)	2018: Denis Mukwege (Congo) & Nada Murad (Iraq)
1963: International Red Cross (Geneva)	2019: Abiy Ahmed (Ethiopia)